

Never Give Pain



Do you love birds and animals? Do you throw stones and hit them? Birds and animals are so beautiful when you look at them lovingly. They are the creation of God as you are. So, never hit or tease them rather love them as you like to be loved.

Pain to things that feel and live.

Let the gentle sparrow come,

For the crumbs you save at home.

As his bread you throw along,

He'll repay you with a song.





Never hurt the timid hare,

Peeping from her green grass layer.

Let her come and sport and play,

In the lawn at close of day.



The little birds so soaring high,

To the bright windows of the sky.

Singing as if it were always spring,

And fluttering on an untied wing.

Oh! Let them sing their happy song,

Never do these gentle creatures wrong.



Word-Web

- pain : ache
- repay : pay back
- peep : to see from behind something
- flutter : to flap rapidly

- crumbs : soft inner portion of bread
- timid : shysoar : fly
- spring : pleasant spring season



Comprehension

Multi-Menu

Multiple Choice Questions

A. Tick $\overline{m{\prime}}$ The correct answer	rs.
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- 2. We should never give ______ to living things.
- (a) grain (b) pain (c) bread
- 3. We should never do ______ to these gentle creatures.
- (a) right (b) good (c) wrong

Pick and Fill

B. Fill in the blanks to complete the lines of the poem.

Never _____ hare,
Peeping from _____ layer.
Let her ____ and play,
In the ____ day.



C.	Write one rhyming wo	ord for each of the following words	s.	
	1. give	2. along		
	3. hare	4. play		
	5. high	6. wing		
>>	Matching-Mania			
D.	Match the describing	words in Column A with correct no	ouns in Column B.	
	Column A	Column B	CB)	
	1. gentle •	(a) windows	- Ke	
	2. timid •	(b) birds	60 60	
	3. green ●	(c) sparrow	14013	
	4. little •	• (d) grass	STO M	
	5. bright •	• (e) hare	To Manning and the second	
>>	Question-Queue (Sh	iort)		
E. Answer each question in a few words or a sentence.				
	1. Who is called 'gentl	e' in the poem?		
	2. Who peeps from the	e layer of green grass?		
	3. Where do birds go s	oaring high?		
	4. Who sing happy sor	ıg?		
>>	Question-Queue (Lo	ong)		
F.	Answer each question	in one or two sentences.		
	1. How do the birds re	pay our kindness?		
	2. What should little o	hildren never do?		
	3. From where does th	e timid hare peep?		
		go high to the bright windows of the	e sky?	
	Vocabulary			
>>	Jumble-Jig			
Α.	Unjumble the letters	to make meaningful words.		
	1. nap	2. tengle		



3. bared	4. mitid _	
5. dirbs	 6. prsing _	

B. Add-ing to the words given below and rewrite them.



How do birds make their nests? Why do they make nests? Why do you live in a house? How do you feel when someone hurts you?



Grammar-Grip

Males and Females

The words that refer to male persons or animals are called Masculines. Look at the pictures and read the words.



Boy

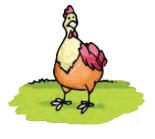


Cock

○ The words that refer to female persons or animals are called **Faminines**. Look at the pictures and read the words.



Girl



Hen

Now, write the female nouns for the given male nouns.

1. f	ather	2.	brother
3. p	peacock	4.	dog
5. k	king	6.	son

Matching-Mania

D. Match the words in Column A with correct words in Column B.

Column A

- 1. The mouse sailed
- 2. There he stayed
- 3. I am qlad
- 4. I will stay
- 5. And one fine day

Column B

- (a) to see you.
- (b) as long as you please.
- (c) he went off, pop!
- (d) along a style.
- (e) a while.

Question-Queue (Short)

E. Answer each question in a few words or a sentence.

- 1. Who went to the moon?
- 2. Who came out to see who passed that way?
- 3. What was there to eat on the moon?
- **4.** What did the mouse nibble without stop?

Question-Queue (Long)

F. Answer each question in one or two sentences.

- 1. Where did the mouse go in a big balloon?
- 2. What did the man on the moon say to the mouse?
- 3. What did the mouse reply the man?
- **4.** What happened to the mouse one fine day?





Vocabulary

○ What more do you know about a mouse? Complete the following sentences with the help of the words given in the box.

to eat cheese	long tail	sharp teeth	rodent	in a hole	
1. A mouse is an a	ınimal of		family.		
2. A mouse has a		·			
3. A mouse lives _		•			
4. It can nibble almost everything with its					
5. A mouse loves		•			





Mice (plural of mouse) like to live in the company of man. That is why they are found in most of our houses. Why do they live in our houses?



Grammar-Grip

The verb to be

The verb 'to be' refers to the state or being of someone/something.

It has different forms. Read the table to learn its different forms.

	Positive	Negative
Present	is am are	isn't am not aren't
Past	was were	wasn't weren't

- We use am only with I.
- We use is with one person/thing or singular nouns.
- We use are with many persons/things or plural nouns.
- We use was with I and all singular nouns to tell something in the past.
- We use were with all plural nouns to tell something in the past.
- Now, fill in the blanks with proper form of to be.
 - **1.** ______I wrong? Yes, you ______.
 - 2. My name _____ Lucy. I am a girl. You _____ a boy.
 - 3. Where _____ you yesterday? I _____ in the class.
- Fun to Write
- Write the plural forms of the nouns given in the box. Make simple sentences using them.

child	box	knife	tooth	tomato
	Singular		Plural	Sentences
1.	Child		Children	Children love to eat sweets.
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				<u> </u>

